



Modular Carpet Tile

Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet adhere to basics of the Carpet and Rug Institute's (CRI) Installation Standard, which offers general minimum requirements. In addition to the minimums from CRI, this guide provides specific detail required for Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet carpet tile products. Site and subfloor conditions should be fully enclosed with an HVAC system functioning to maintain temperature within a range similar to levels maintained when occupied as explained here. Each of the following steps is essential for a successful installation and is required to maintain full warranty coverage.

The information on this sheet provides general subfloor guidelines. All instructions and recommendations must be followed for a satisfactory installation. Good preparation is essential for a trouble-free installation. Do not install Flagship Carpets or Alpha Patterned Carpet flooring until job-site testing and subfloor preparations are finished, and the work of all other trades is complete. Site conditions must comply with relevant building codes and local, state, and national regulations.

Essential First Steps

- CHECK STYLE AND COLOR: Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet requires the carpet be inspected prior to installation for proper style, color, and potential defects.
- NO VISIBLE DEFECTS: No claims will be honored if modules are installed with visible defects
- READ INSTRUCTIONS: Read all instructions prior to beginning installation.
- CONFIRM LAYOUT: Each style of Flagship Carpets or Alpha Patterned Carpet tile will have a recommended layout or method for installation that will be specific to that style. Whether the layout is Monolithic, Brick, Ashlar, or Quarter-turn, the recommended layout will be listed in the brochure or website. Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet evaluates each style in a range of layouts to help maximize seam appearance. Customer should evaluate a small mock-up of the recommended layout and tile direction prior to proceeding with full installation. Use of any other layout can compromise seam aesthetics. Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet will not accept claims for carpet installed using a different layout than recommended.
- SITE CONDITIONS: Maintain temperature at 60-85°F with ambient humidity between 40-60% for 48-72 hours before, during installation, and at least 48-72 hours after installation. Maintain temperature between 55-90°F for product life.
- MATERIAL CONDITIONING: Carpet tiles must be allowed to adjust to job-site temperature for a minimum of 48 hours prior to installation.
- SUBFLOOR TESTING: Concrete subfloors must be tested to determine whether chemical pH and moisture emission levels are suitable.





Modular Carpet Tile

- Chemical pH should be 10 or less. Relative Humidity, ASTM F2170 (preferred test method), should be 90% or less. Calcium Chloride testing, ASTM F1869, should be 8 lbs or less.
- VAPOR RETARDER: Concrete subfloors must have a suitable vapor retarder properly installed directly beneath the slab per ASTM E1745.
- ADHESIVE: Flagship Carpets or Alpha Patterned Carpet's Stix 2230 pressure-sensitive adhesive must be applied in a full-spread application using a 1/6" x 1/32" x 1/32" U-notch trowel for a spread rate of 25 yd2. per gallon.

Important Note

Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpets recommended adhesives are specifically formulated to be fully compatible with backings chemistry and to maximize the performance of Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet products. Failure to use Flagship Carpets or Alpha Patterned Carpet's recommended adhesives can cut-short product life, cause installation failure, and/or lead to a chemical reaction, such as hydrolysis, which will permanently damage the tile backing and will void all applicable warranty coverage.

Subfloor Preparation

Careful subfloor preparation is vital for an excellent floor appearance and good adhesion. The subfloor must be smooth, firm, flat, clean, dry, free from defects, and fit for purpose. A suitable smoothing compound should be used to ensure that no irregularities show through to the surface of the finished floor. In all cases, the subfloor must meet the moisture and pH requirements before installation.

Porous subfloors (concrete or wood) that have a high pH level should be primed with an acrylic latex solution prior to installation to neutralize excess alkali and to prevent over absorption of adhesive to ensure a successful bond. The primer should be allowed to dry completely prior to applying adhesive. Coverage is approximately 350-400 ft2 per gallon.

NOTE: Do not use primer with epoxy or urethane adhesives.

Plan Ahead

To help assure a successful project and prevent unexpected surprises, the following are also important steps to consider prior to installing any Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet tile:





Modular Carpet Tile

- SEQUENCING: The most uniform installation will be obtained by planning and sequencing carpet tiles in the order they were manufactured. Sequencing can be easily accomplished.
- PACKAGING: Flagship Carpets and Alpha Patterned Carpet's 24" x 24" and 12" x 48" Infinity carpet tiles are packaged 14 tiles, 6.22 yd2 per unit. The 18" x 36" tiles are packaged 12 tiles, 6 yd2 per unit.
- ACCESSIBILITY: Carpet tile provides easy accessibility the subfloor and flat-wire or cable trenches. Flat-wire should be centered underneath modules.
- RAISED NOSING FOR STAIRS: On stairs, always use a raised nosing. Trim tile to fit nosing on both the step and riser.

Installation

A proper start is essential to keeping a carpet tile installation tight and square throughout the installation. Please pay careful attention to these basics:

- ESTABLISH CENTER POINT: Measure area to receive carpet and determine a center starting position by measuring from dominant walls or similar architectural features.
- ADJUST FOR CUTS: Initial placement of the center point may need to shift slightly to make sure perimeter tile cuts are at least half the tile's width (Example: 12" on a 24" x 24" tile).
- SET PERPENDICULAR LINES: Establish two chalk lines that cross at adjusted central
 point and intersect at right angles. The base line should be the longest measurement in a
 rectangular area and parallel to a wall or architectural break point. Having four equal quadrants with perpendicular lines at the right angles will provide an essential guide to anchor
 the first tiles, to help keep the installation square, and to fit tile backings tightly together.
- ESTABLISH A GRID: Keeping the installation tight and square requires creating a grid by establishing two perpendicular chalk lines, calculated at right angles on the area's center point, and then by anchoring first tiles installed snug against the two chalk lines. The two lines intersect to form a right angle and are "square" when two points, one at 8' vertically and one at 6' horizontally from center point, are exactly 10' apart. Use the 3', 4', and 5' formula as described above to set perpendicular chalk lines in smaller areas.
- STAIR-STEP TILES WITHIN GRID: Start by placing first tile backing snug into corner
 where chalk lines cross. Tile backing should align with chalk lines on two sides. Form steps
 by sliding each subsequent tile, backing first, into tight alignment with the previous tile.
 Avoid overly compressing backings or trapping yarn in seams. Second tile goes on top
 with one side on the vertical chalk line. The third tile goes against the right side of the first
 tile. Continue in the same manner, etc. Use a carpenter's square to spot check frequently.
 Please keep in mind that seams on any new carpet tile installation will be more obvious
 until the yarn has acclimated, relaxed, and blossomed with routine traffic and vacuuming.





Modular Carpet Tile

To facilitate seam blending it is recommended to tractor seams with a box tractor. Keep tiles square and tight to avoid gaps.

- CHECK TIGHTNESS: Tightness or gain should be measured periodically to assure tile backings are snug and the installation is square. Determine the amount of gain or growth in the installation by measuring the total distance between 10 tiles in both directions. Ten 24" x 24" tiles have a net measurement of 240". The seam between each tile will always create some amount of gain or addition space in the installation. Measuring 10 tiles or 11 joints in either direction will provide enough seams to accurately represent the amount of gain. Whether the tile is 24" x 24", 18" x 36", or 12" x 48", the gain or space between tiles should never be more than 1/4" greater than a net measurement of 10 tiles or 11 joints. For instance, 10 tiles at 24" each should not exceed 240" in either direction. If the net measurement exceeds a gain of 1/4", the affected area(s) will need to be picked-up and re-installed tighter to stay on grid.
- CUT / TRIM TILES PROPERLY: Carpet modules will require cutting at perimeters, floor electrical outlets and door openings. Whenever modules are cut or trimmed, adhesive must be used. Loop pile modules may require some trimming or clipping of tufts. This is typical of this type of construction and is not a manufacturing problem. Small pieces of carpet tile should also have glue applied to the backing to help hold them in place.

Transitions

All carpet products must be properly protected when transitioning to other floor covering or exposed stopping points. The use of a transition molding or protective strip covering the carpet edge at 1/2" is required. If a transition cannot be utilized the carpet nap must be level or slightly below the adjacent floor.

Project Installation

Ideally, carpet should always be installed last in any construction or renovation project. The completed installation should be protected as finish trades complete the project, during customer move-in, or when heavy rolling carts are used.

- CRAFT PAPER: Bonded craft paper will protect the completed installation from construction dirt and spills while allowing floor covering primers, sealers, or adhesives to cure properly.
- AVOID PLASTIC SHEETING: Never use plastic sheeting to protect any installation.





Modular Carpet Tile

- AVOID STICKY COVERINGS: Protective coverings with pre-applied adhesive or tackifiers can leave a sticky residue on the carpet face, cause rapid soiling, and should not be used.
- HEAVY ROLLING CARTS: Masonite or plywood should be used in traffic lanes to prevent tile from shifting any time furniture is moved.

After Installation

As the customer begins to enjoy their new installation of Flagship Carpet or Alpha Patterned Carpet tile, please also note the following:

- Roll entire job with a 75-100 lb roller.
- Chair pads are recommended but are not required. Chair pads can prevent premature wear and distortion of carpet's face fiber underneath rolling office chairs, even when carpet casters are used. Use only carpet friendly casters. Casters should be the flat round type with a 5/8" to 1" width minimum.
- When loop pile carpet is cut into tile, some loops on tile edges will be cut in half. Vacuuming and routine use will expose those cut yarns that remained compressed and hidden
 during manufacturing or installation. This blossoming is easily remedied by clipping stray
 fiber exposed along tile edges.
- Some carpet styles require more attention from the installers during installation. Due to the light row, dark row construction of these products, dark lines may appear at the edges. This is not a manufacturing defect. These products will require shifting tiles around to avoid dark lines at the edges.
- On occasion, it may be necessary to replace damaged or heavily soiled modules. Modules
 can be replaced with new Flagship Carpets or Alpha Patterned Carpet tiles from on-site
 inventory or from another area of the installation. A difference of appearance may be noticed when modules are replaced; this difference usually diminishes in a short time.
- Carpet module seams are usually noticeable on a new installation and do not typically
 have a seamless appearance like broadloom carpet. They are die cut from the face, which
 can create small gaps at the seams. Pile crush can occur from the bottom to the top of
 the pallets and may appear to have a color shade variance from tile to tile. Both conditions will improve considerably after a "walk-in" period. This allows the yarn to acclimate
 and respond to the crush from the stacked cartons on the pallets. Normal foot traffic and
 regular vacuuming will also improve seam appearance.
- To facilitate seam blending the use of a seam tractor can help blend the yarn. Pile lifting, and/or wet extraction can decrease the time needed for "walk-in" acclimation.

If there are any questions or doubts about performing a successful installation, please stop immediately and contact Flagship Carpets or Alpha Patterned Carpets at (800) 448-5241 ext 119.